RAINWATER HARVESTING IN SCHOOLS TO DEMONSTRATE ADAPTATION TO CLIMATE CHANGE IN PERI-URBAN AREAS OF ILALA MUNICIPALITY

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outline

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- Project objectives
- Project summary
- Proposed required resources
- Resource mobilization & sustainability potential

Background information

- IMC is one of the three Municipalities forming DCC
- Ilala Municipality (district) is located between Long. 39° and 40° East and between Lat.6° and 7° South of the Equator.
- Area of about 210 km².
- Population 1,220,611 (NPHC, 2012)
- Primary schools 134 and 85 secondary schools. Commonly referred to as 'Downtown Dar'

Project Objectives

Main Objective

To raise community awareness on CC Adaptation and rainwater harvesting in 50 Primary school of Peri-Urban in Ilala Municipality.

Specific objectives

 To raise awareness to 2,500 community leaders of Ilala Municipality on CC impacts and adaptation methods by 2017

Specific Objectives...

2. To install 100,000lts rainwater harnessing units in 50 peri-urban primary schools in the Municipality.

3. To educate15,000 school children on rainwater harvesting and management.

Project location

Location

The project will be implemented in 50 Peri-Urban schools in Chanika, Msongola, Majohe, Kitunda ,Pugu, Kinyerezi, Gongolamboto and Ukonga Wards in Ilala Municipality

• Themes

The project will address Health, sanitation, education and water themes

Project duration

The project will be implemented through three phases.

Phase 1: Training and creation of community awareness and involvement/participation into the project.

- Phase 2: Procurement, installation and testing of rainwater harvesting facilities.
- Phase 3: Monitoring, evaluation and recording of lessons lent from the project.

This phase will be used to create environment allowing the community (beneficiaries) adopt the project for sustainability post project funding.

Project rationale

- Ilala Municipality being located in coastal area is highly vulnerable to the CC and associated impacts (floods and water scarcity).
 - Flood is one of the adverse impacts of CC identified by NAPA in 2007.
- For several decades, Ilala Municipality is experiencing frequent floods and water scarcity due to erratic and unexpected rainfall associated with CC.
 - Floods have substantial social and economic impacts to the livelihood in the affected areas.

Project rationale....

• Water scarcity in peri-urban

 Inadequate water supply network, boreholes and wells

- 76% pop. depends on deep/shallow wells
 (2,058Ltrs/pd ≈ 43% of actual needs (4,770ltrs)
- 24% pop. depends on tap water system
- Only 63 out of 134 schools with water
- Hard/saline water

Project rationale....

-Mismanagement of NRs

 over pumping of water through boreholes (≈ 98 deep wells in IMC)

> »results to seawater intrusion, deplete underground fresh water resource base.

»Weak control of oversight organ (Basin authority) over borehole extraction

 Deforestation and encroachment of catchment areas like Kazimzumbwi reserve forest.

Project rationale....

- High water demand
 - -Escalating population and urban sprawl
 - Increased economic and social development
 » Relocation of people from city centre
- Bimodal type of rainfall.

Long rainfall (Masika)received between mid-February and May

Short rainfall (Vuli) between September and October.

Project rationale...

 Potential large rooftop areas -Reduction of surface runoff »Combating floods »Reduction of erosion -Minimal demand for boreholes »Reduction of salt water intrusion

SUMMARY OF PROPOSED GOAL, PURPOSE, EXPECTED OUTCOMES, OUTPUTS AND FIRST YEAR ACTIVITIES

Rationale for choosing project approach

- The approach helps to make the project understood by all stake holders which will help in owning the project.
- Students are susceptible to waterborne associated ailment like diarrhoea, skin diseases etc.
- Easy for students to disseminate knowledge to their families.

National/Municipal/City development strategies and key partner priorities

 Project is in line with Municipal strategy on environmental management and conservation e.g. tree planting each year, environmental greening programs; school health and sanitation e.tc.

Country/Municipal/City strategy and links to existing projects or programmes

- Fit with
 - -Tanzania Five years Development Plan (2011/12-2015/16) Human Capital Development and Social Services.
 - –MDG (No: 7) Ensure Environmental sustainability-Proportion of people with access to improved sanitation (Rural/Urban)

Programme assumptions

- Enough rainfall that will lead to plenty water for harvesting
- Cheap in terms of operational cost
- Community will prefer to use rainwater than borehole water (hard water)

Cross-cutting issues

Gender, HIV/AIDs, Disability, Environmental issues

Geographical project area and rationale for selecting this area

The selected area (peri- urban)

- have no reliable water supply from water supply authority
 - -Average distance to water source 1000m
- Have limited fresh water supply from available boreholes and wells
 - -14 boreholes with pumps
 - -79 boreholes without pumps

Activities that will be carried out to address the objectives of the project

- Consultants
 - Architectural designing & survey
- Seminars and training
- Identify training needs and material
- Travel/transportation
- Equipment and materials (Construction of rainwater facilities)

Activities that will be carried out to address the objectives of the project

- Others(administration/operational costs)
 - Procurement process
 - Tendering process
 - Site meetings with parties and contractor

Project Proposal Development & Required Resources

- Financial and technical resource requirements
 - 1st year it cost \$ usd 320,000
 - 2nd year it cost \$ usd 150,000
 - 3rd year it cost \$ usd 50,000
- Partner resources available

Municipal education officer, Municipal water engineer, Head teachers, Local leaders , Environmental management officers, Public relation officer, Community and social welfare officers

Resource Mobilisation & Sustainability Potential

- Potential to raise funds for this project
 - EU
 - BTC
 - Plan International
 - Korea International Cooperation Agency
 - USAID
 - World Bank
 - others

Resource Mobilisation & Sustainability Potential.....

- Technical resources required for successful implementation
 - Project Team
 - Economist
 - Planning officers
 - Accountants
 - Architecture
 - Water engineers

- Planning for sustainability
 - Preparation as built report for operation and maintenance
 - Train artisan
 - Selling water to meet maintenance cost
 - Develop ownership attitude

Thank you for listening